

Sep 30

BFS (1)

$O(n)$ { 0. $cc[s] = T$ and $cc[u] = F \forall u \neq s$

1. $i = 0$

2. $L_0 = \{s\}$

3. While $L_i \neq \emptyset$] T_1 : be the # of times while loop is run

$L_{i+1} = \emptyset \leftarrow O(1)$

For every $u \in L_i$] T_2 : be # of nbr of for loop (given v)

T_{12} : # times algo gets here

For every $(u, w) \in E$] T_3 : # of iteration of this loop given i, u

T_{123} : # time algo gets here.

If $cc[w] = F$
 $cc[w] = T$
Add w to L_{i+1} } $O(1)$

$O(1) \rightarrow i++$

Total runtime: $O(n) + T_1 \cdot O(1) + T_{123} \cdot O(1) + T_2 \cdot O(1)$
 $\leq O(n) + T_{123} \cdot O(1) + T_{123} \cdot O(1) + T_{123} \cdot O(1)$
 $\leq O(n) + O(T_{123})$

Goal: $T_{123} \leq O(m)$

Analysis 1: $T_{123} \leq O(n^3)$ ($\Rightarrow O(n) + O(n^3) = O(n^3)$ overall)

$$T_{123} \leq \underbrace{T_1}_{\leq n} * \underbrace{T_2}_{\leq n} * \underbrace{T_3}_{\leq n} \leq n^3$$

Analysis 2: $T_{123} \leq \underbrace{T_1}_{\leq n} * \underbrace{T_3}_{\leq n} \leq n^2$ ($\Rightarrow O(n) + O(n^2) = O(n^2)$ overall)

since each $u \in V$ appears in ≤ 1 layer

Analysis 3: $T_{123} \leq O(m)$ ($\Rightarrow O(n) + O(m) = O(m+n)$ overall) \uparrow

$$T_{123} = \sum_{i=0}^{T_1} \sum_{u \in L_i} \sum_{(u,w) \in E} 1$$

Input size
 $N = \theta(m+n)$

$$= \sum_{i=0}^{T_1} \sum_{u \in L_i} n_u = n_u$$

\Rightarrow BFS is a linear time algo.

Because each $u \in V$ appears $m \leq 1$ times \rightarrow

$$\leq \sum_{u \in V} n_u = 2m$$